

# How much is tracing?

Measuring the overhead caused by the tracing infrastructure

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## Tracing overhead

- Scope of measuring
- Measuring with kernel driver
- Kernel configuration
- Ftrace infrastructure
- Hist trigger and synthetic events
- Histograms with eBPF
- Kernel probes
- Function and function graph plugins
- trace printk
- Summary of kernel tracing overhead
- Userspace tracing
- Measuring gpio latencies

# Can we trust the measured time values?

```

    | irq_enter() {
    |     tick_irq_enter() {
2.583 us |         ktime_get();
1.750 us |         nr_iowait_cpu();
5        |         tick_do_update_jiffies64.part.0() {
1.458 us |             calc_global_load();
        |             update_wall_time() {
        |                 timekeeping_advance() {
        |                     timekeeping_update() {
10        |                         update_vsyscall() {
        |                             flush_dcache_page();
        |                         }
        |                     raw_notifier_call_chain();
        |                 }
        |             }
15 + 20.500 us |         }
    + 24.208 us |     }
    + 32.166 us | }
    + 45.042 us | }
    + 52.041 us | }
```

# Motivation

---

- Performance optimization
- Estimation about tracing overhead compared to a production kernel without any tracing  
→ Can we afford to deliver with tracefs compiled in?
- Kernel configuration:  
With `preemption ( (PREEMPT) )` or  
with `realtime ( (PREEMPT_RT) )`
- Usage of the facility through  
the tracefs (directly, `trace-cmd`, `perf`) or  
via eBPF also makes a difference

All source code, configurations, oscilloscope dumps and presentation available:

url: [nc.it-klinger.de](http://nc.it-klinger.de)

usr: elce

pwd: elce062023

# Tracing facilities for kernel drivers

---

- Tracing event `gpio:gpio_value`
- Kprobes
- Histogram trigger
- Synthetic event
- `trace_printk()`
- Ftrace plugin `function`
- Ftrace plugin `function_graph`

→ Most tracing facilities can be combined with filters and / or triggers

- Tracing event `syscalls:sys_enter_ioctl` and `syscalls:sys_exit_ioctl`
- Uprobes
- Trace marker
- `strace`

- TI-AM3358 (BeagleBone Black) with 1000 MHz
- linux-6.1.26 with preemption and linux-6.1.26-rt8 with rt patch
- Performance optimized kernel configuration
- No worst case values measured



# Toggeling of the GPIO in Driver

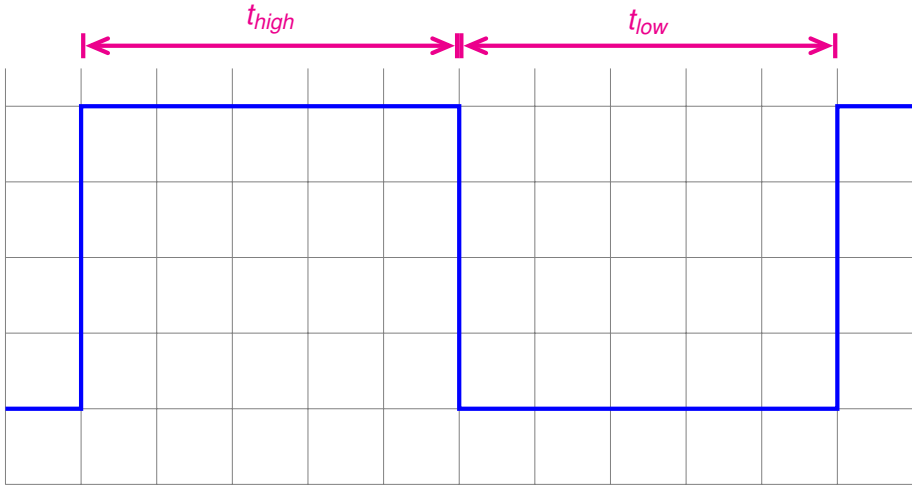
```
struct toggle_data {
    struct gpio_desc      *gpiod_toggle;
    ...
};

5 void toggle_once(struct toggle_data *data)
{
    gpiod_set_value(data->gpiod_toggle, 1);
    gpiod_set_value(data->gpiod_toggle, 0);
}

10 int toggle_gpio_sleep(void *arg)
{
    int i;
    struct toggle_data *data = (struct toggle_data*)arg;
    while (1) {
15         for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
            toggle_once(data);
            if (kthread_should_stop())
                break;
            msleep(1);
20     }
    return 0;
}
```

- Function `toggle_gpio_sleep()` runs as realtime kernel thread
- `msleep()` is used for avoiding realtime throttling
- Measuring on the oscilloscope on the second call to `toggle_once()` of one phase after the `msleep()`  
→ Measuring cache hot scenario
- Each measuring is done with a minimum of 30000 wave counts  
→ Random samples with more than 500000 wave counts verified that measured average values and standard deviation are correct

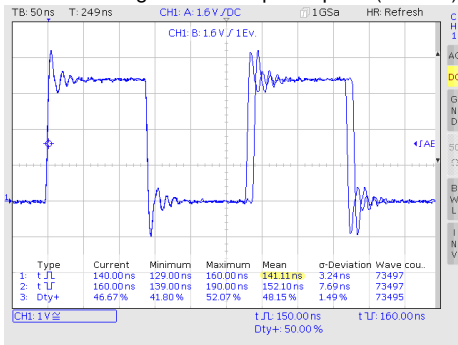
# Measuring with the oscilloscope



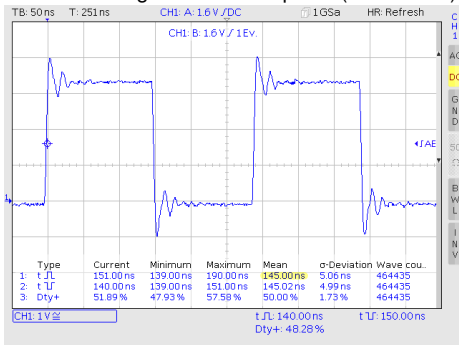
$$Dty_+ = \frac{t_{high}}{t_{high} + t_{low}}$$

# Realtime preemption patch

Minimal configuration with preemption (v6.1.26)



Minimal configuration with rt patch (v6.1.26-rt8)



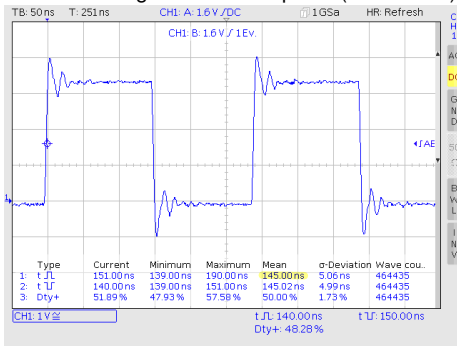
$\Rightarrow$  *no significant difference in time response*

Difference in configuration:

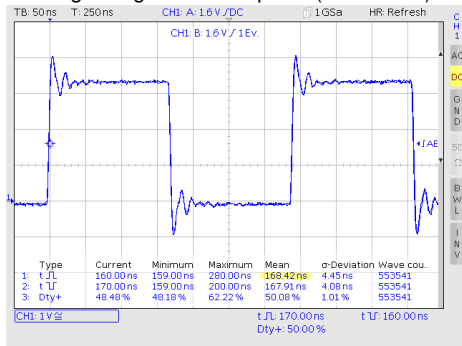
```
$ diff bbb_min_defconfig bbb_rt_min_defconfig
9c9
< CONFIG_PREEMPT=y
---
5> CONFIG_PREEMPT_RT=y
```

# Tracing infrastructure

Minimal configuration with rt patch (v6.1.26-rt8)



Tracing configured with rt patch (v6.1.26-rt8)



→ *Tracing configuration overhead: 23ns (16%)*

Overhead with v6.1.26: (scope dump not shown)

→ 26ns (19%)

# Differences in configuration

```
$ diff bbb_min_defconfig bbb_trace_defconfig
```

```
1c1
```

```
< CONFIG_LOCALVERSION="-bbb-min"
```

```
---
```

```
5> CONFIG_LOCALVERSION="-bbb-trace"
```

```
221a222
```

```
> CONFIG_DEBUG_FS=y
```

```
226c227,234
```

```
< # CONFIG_FTRACE is not set
```

```
10 ---
```

```
> CONFIG_STACK_TRACER=y
```

```
> CONFIG_TIMERLAT_TRACER=y
```

```
> CONFIG_FTRACE_SYSCALLS=y
```

```
> CONFIG_HIST_TRIGGERS=y
```

```
15> CONFIG_TRACEPOINT_BENCHMARK=y
```

```
> CONFIG_HIST_TRIGGERS_DEBUG=y
```

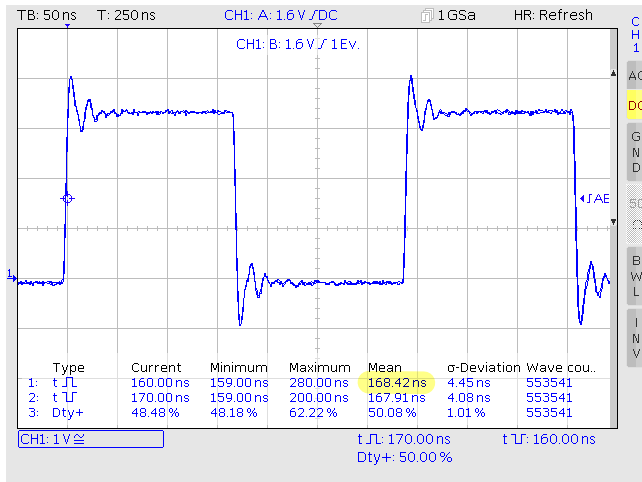
```
> CONFIG_BACKTRACE_VERBOSE=y
```

```
> CONFIG_DEBUG_USER=y
```

# Results from tracing infrastructure

Pulse width +	<b>v6.1.26</b>	<b>v6.1.26-rt8</b>	$\Delta$
no tracing	141.11 ns (SD = 3.24)	145.00 ns (SD = 5.06)	+3.89 ns +2.76 %
with tracing	167.30 ns (SD = 4.40)	168.42 ns (SD = 4.45)	+1.12 ns +0.67 %
$\Delta$	+26.19 ns +18.56 %	+23.42 ns +16.15 %	

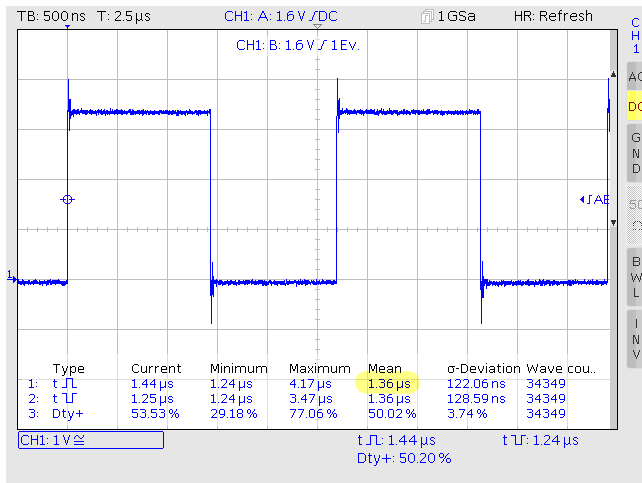
# Reference configuration for tracing overhead



- BeagleBone Black with vanilla kernel and rt preemption patch (v6.1.26-rt8)
  - CONFIG\_PREEMPT\_RT and tracing configured (bbb\_trace\_defconfig) but not activated
- ```
$ insmod toggle.ko mode=10
```



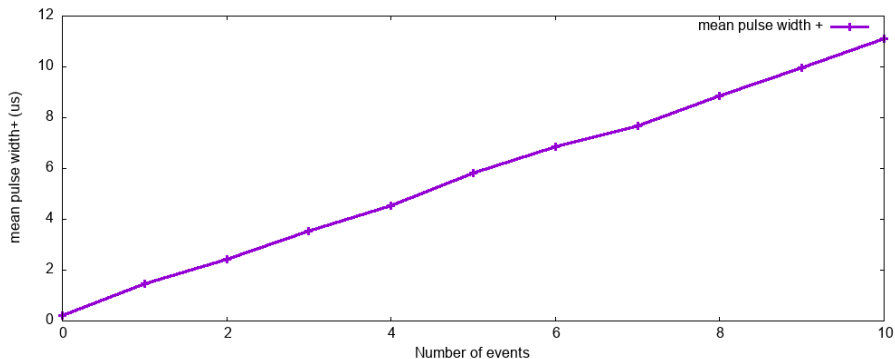
# Activating an event



→ *Tracing event overhead: 1.19µs (709%)*

```
$ echo 1 > /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value/enable  
$ cat /sys/kernel/tracing/trace
```

# Dependency on number of events



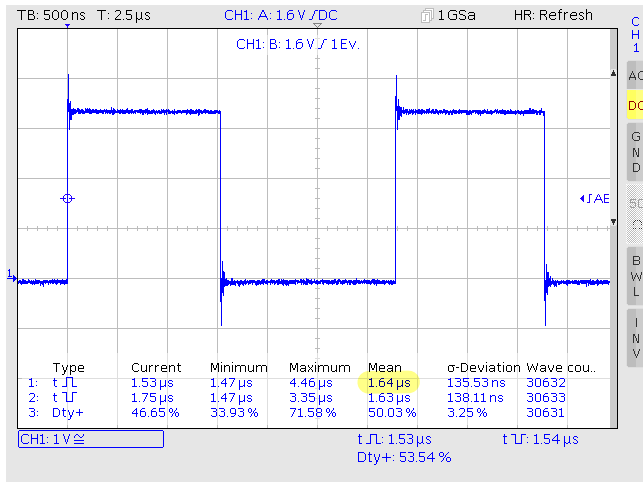
Measuring with a special driver variant with 10 events on each `gpiod_set_value()` which can be switched on and off individually. Each event monitors two u32 values:

|                          |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| number of events         | 0    | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 10   |
| pulse width+ ( $\mu s$ ) | 0.23 | 1.46 | 2.44 | 3.53 | 4.53 | 5.82 | 11.1 |

→ Overhead increases linear with number of events.

⇒ Each additional event costs about  $1.1 \mu s$ .

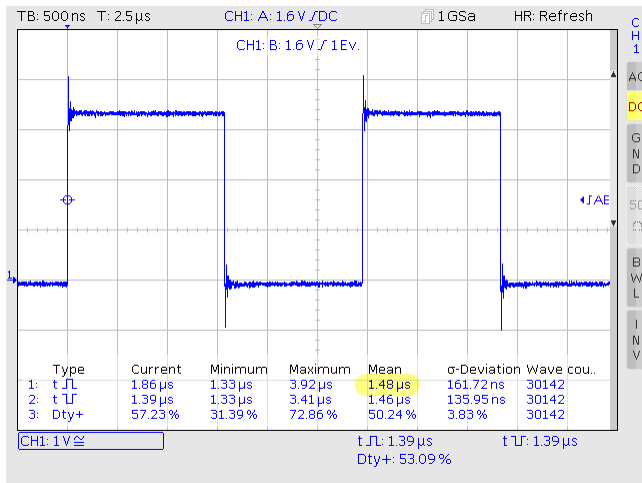
# Event with filter



→ *Filter overhead: 0.28  $\mu$ s (21%) (compared to tracing event)*

```
$ echo 1 > /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value/enable
$ echo 'gpio == 70' > /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value/filter
$ cat /sys/kernel/tracing/trace
```

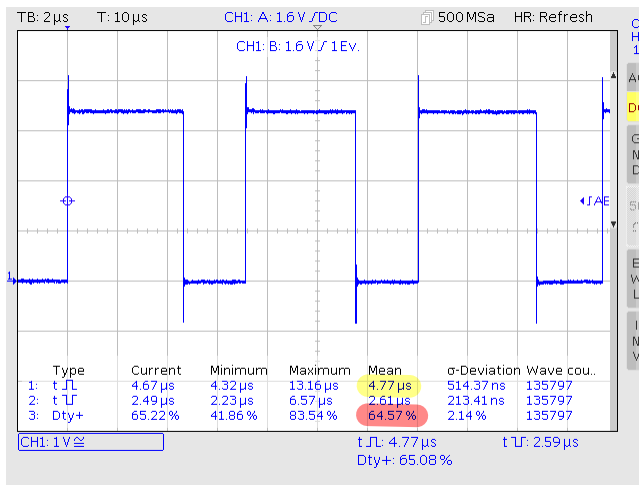
# Event with trigger



→ *Trigger overhead: 0.12µs (9%) (compared to tracing event)*

```
$ echo 1 > /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value/enable
$ echo 'traceon' > /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value/trigger
$ cat /sys/kernel/tracing/trace
```

# Event with hist trigger



→ Hist trigger overhead:  $3.41\mu s$  (251%) (compared to tracing event)

Why is  $Dty_+$  to high?

→ not yet clarified

# Event with hist trigger

```
$ echo 'gpio_high u32 gpio u64 lat' \
    >> /sys/kernel/tracing/synthetic_events

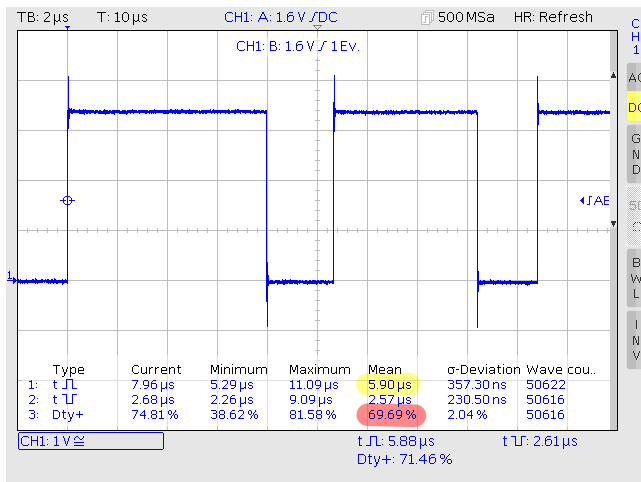
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/events/gpio/gpio_value
5$ echo 1 > enable

$ echo 'hist:keys=gpio:ts0=common_timestamp if value == 1' >> trigger

$ echo 'hist:keys=gpio:lat=common_timestamp-$ts0: \
10    onmatch(gpio gpio_value).trace(gpio_high,gpio,$lat) \
    if value == 0' >> trigger

$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/events/synthetic/gpio_high
$ echo 1 > enable
15$ cat /sys/kernel/tracing/trace
toggle-gpio-sle-125 [000] 84892.334011: gpio_high: gpio=70 lat=2459
toggle-gpio-sle-125 [000] 84892.334014: gpio_high: gpio=70 lat=2333
```

# Synthetic event on hist trigger



→ Synthetic (plus hist) trigger overhead: 4.54 $\mu$ s (334%) (compared to tracing event)

# Synthetic event on hist trigger

```
# everything from hist trigger plus:
```

```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/events/synthetic/gpio_high
```

```
$ echo 'hist:key=gpio,lat.buckets=100:sort=lat' >> trigger
```

5

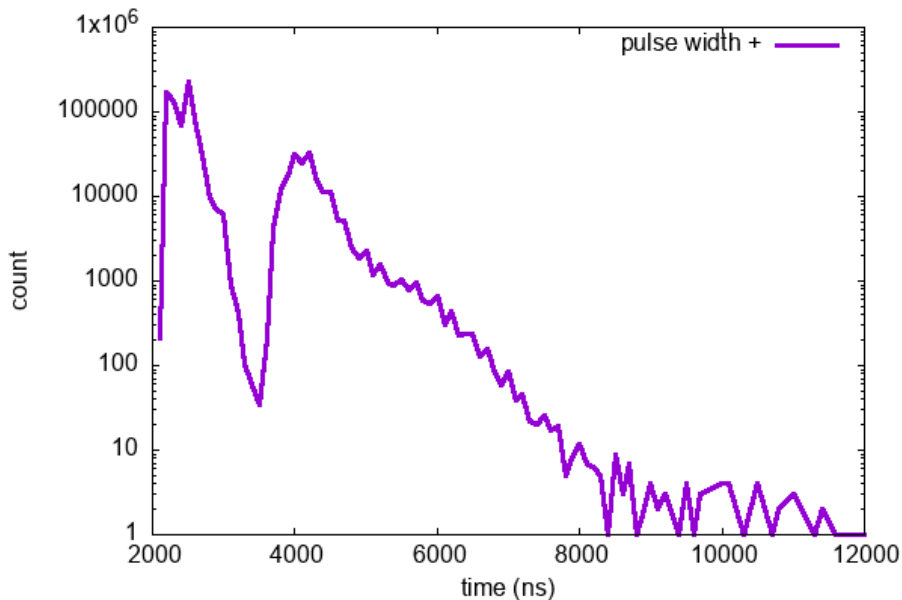
```
$ cat hist
```

```
{ gpio:      70, lat: ~ 2000-2099 } hitcount:      1766
{ gpio:      70, lat: ~ 2100-2199 } hitcount:      99393
{ gpio:      70, lat: ~ 2200-2299 } hitcount:     130325
10 { gpio:      70, lat: ~ 2300-2399 } hitcount:      56458
   { gpio:      70, lat: ~ 2400-2499 } hitcount:      99428
...

```



# Synthetic event on hist trigger



# Synthetic event on hist trigger

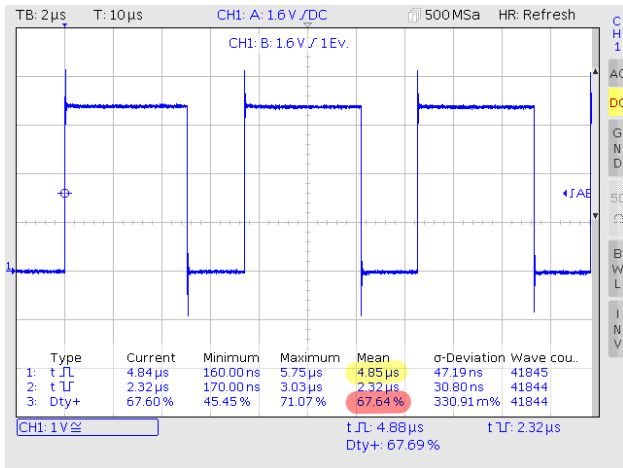
```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/events/synthetic/gpio_high
$ echo 'hist:key=gpio,lat.buckets=100:sort=lat' >> trigger

$ cat hist > ~/synthetic.txt
5
$ cat synthetic.txt | awk 'BEGIN {FS="-"} {print $1 "\t" $2}' |
    awk '{print $6 "\t" $10}' | grep -v '^[[:space:]]$' > syn-table.txt

$ gnuplot -e "file='syn-table.txt' " \
10      -e "pngfile='synthetic-table.png'" synt-hist.gp

$ cat synthetic-table.txt |
    awk '{n+= $2; x+= ($1+50)*$2} END{print x/n " ns/pulse+"}'
2706.49 ns/pulse+
15
# the same with rt kernel delivers:
2851.16 ns/pulse+
```

# Histogram with eBPF and ply



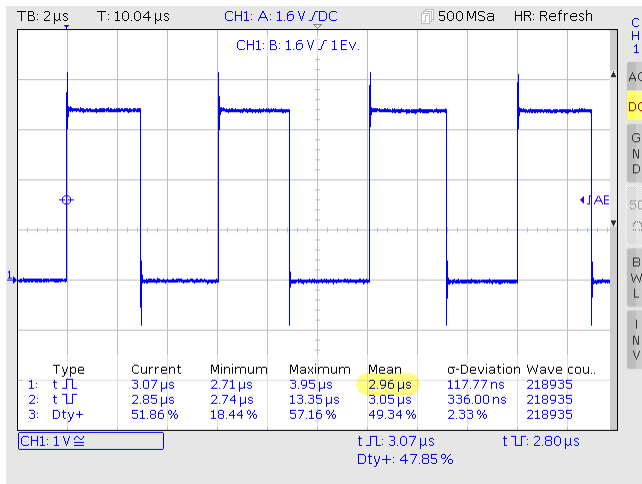
→ Histogram with ply overhead: 3.49  $\mu$ s (257%) (compared to tracing event)

# Histogram with eBPF and ply

```
$ cat delta.ply
tracepoint:gpio/gpio_value {
    if (data->value == 1)
        start[data->gpio] = time;
5   else
        @delta[data->gpio] = quantize(time - start[data->gpio]);
    }
}

$ ply delta.ply
...
@delta:
{ 70 }:
5 [2.04us, 4.09us] 616075 |#####|
  [4.09us, 8.19us] 141473 |#####|
  [8.19us, 16.3us]    5 |         |
  [16.3us, 32.7us]   2 |         |
```

# One kprobe with ftrace



→ *kprobe overhead: 2.79  $\mu$ s (compared to tracing event)*

# kprobe with ftrace

---

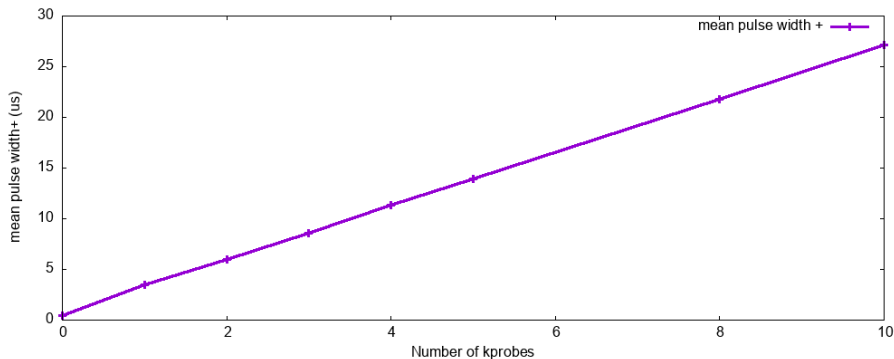
```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/
$ echo 'p:gpio_set_value gpio_set_value \
      name=+0(+12(%r0)):string value=%r1:u32' > kprobe_events

5$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/events/kprobes
$ echo 1 > gpio_set_value/enable

$ cat /sys/kernel/tracing/trace
toggle-gpio-sle-139 [000] 7666.934324: gpio_set_value:
10      (gpio_set_value+0x0/0xc4) name="P8_45 [hdmi]" value=1
...

```

# kprobe with ftrace



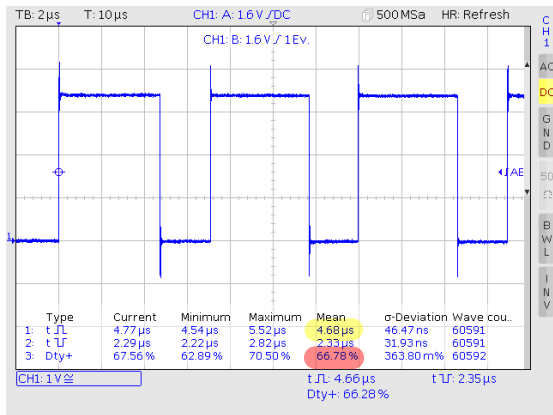
Measuring with a special driver variant with 10 function calls (without optimizer) until `gpid_set_value` is called:

| number of kprobes        | 0    | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 10   |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| pulse width+ ( $\mu s$ ) | 0.46 | 3.45 | 5.98 | 8.57 | 11.3 | 13.9 | 27.1 |

→ Overhead increases linear with number of kprobes.

⇒ Each additional kprobe costs about  $2.6\mu s$ .

# kprobe with eBPF



```
$ cat dt-kprobe.ply
kprobe:gpiod_set_value {
    if (arg1 == 1) {
        start[0] = time;
5    } else {
        @delta[0] = quantize(time - start[0]);
    }
}
```



with rt kernel:

```
$ ply dt-kprobe.ply
```

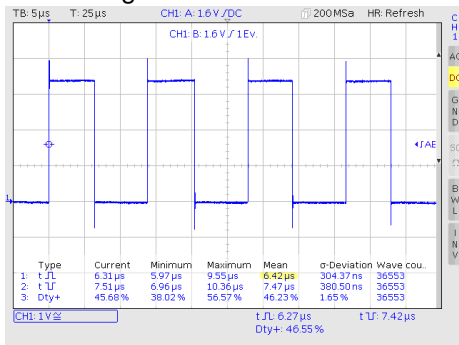
```
...
```

```
5 @delta:
```

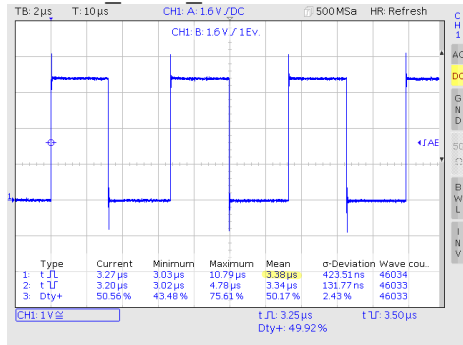
|                  |        |       |  |
|------------------|--------|-------|--|
| [2.04us, 4.09us] | 885090 | ##### |  |
| [4.09us, 8.19us] | 215506 | ##### |  |
| [8.19us, 16.3us] | 7      |       |  |
| [16.3us, 32.7us] | 2      |       |  |

# Plugin function

## no filtering



## with set\_ftrace\_filter



- Pulse width changes when using filters by `set_ftrace_filter`
- ⇒ Overhead can partly be reduced with filters
- *function plugin overhead with 3 functions traced: 3.21µs (compared to untraced)*

```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/  
$ echo function > current_tracer
```

```
$ echo 'gpiod*' > set_ftrace_filter
```

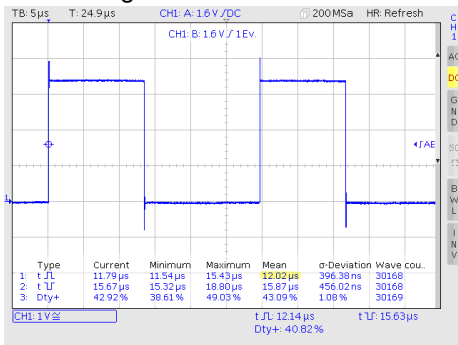
5

```
$ cat trace  
toggle-gpio-sle-139 [000]    615.644329: gpiod_set_value <-toggle_once  
toggle-gpio-sle-139 [000]    615.644341: gpiod_set_value_nocheck ...  
toggle-gpio-sle-139 [000]    615.644342: gpiod_set_raw_value_commit ...
```

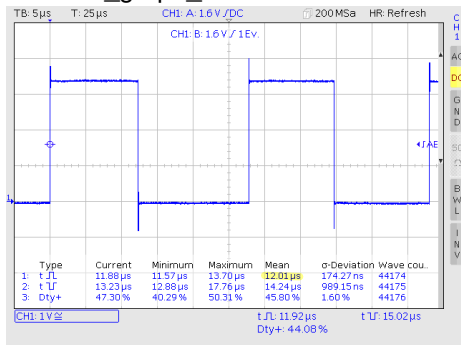
⇒ 3 tracing outputs for one gpio edge

# Plugin function\_graph

no filtering



with set\_graph\_function



→ *function\_graph* overhead: 11.84µs (70 times higher) (compared to untraced)

- Pulse width doesn't change much when reducing the trace volume by using the `set_graph_function`  
⇒ Overhead is only slightly dependent on number of traced functions
- Time values in tracing output are much higher than in productive kernel

# Plugin function\_graph

```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing/  
$ echo function_graph > current_tracer  
$ echo gpiod_set_value > set_graph_function
```

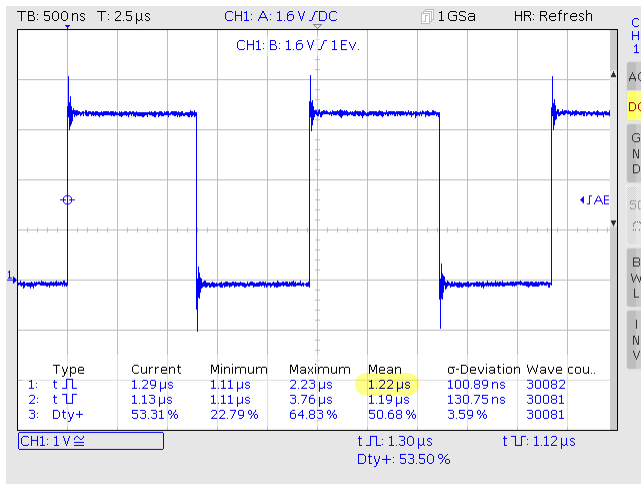
```
5$ cat trace  
0)          | gpiod_set_value() {  
0)          |     gpiod_set_raw_value_commit() {  
0)    6.000 us |         omap_gpio_set();  
0) + 10.125 us |     }  
10 0) + 16.292 us | }
```

Calculation:

$$\frac{16292}{70} = 233ns$$

→ close to what was measured without tracing (168ns).

# trace\_printk()



→ *trace\_printk overhead: 1.05µs (626%) (compared to untraced)*

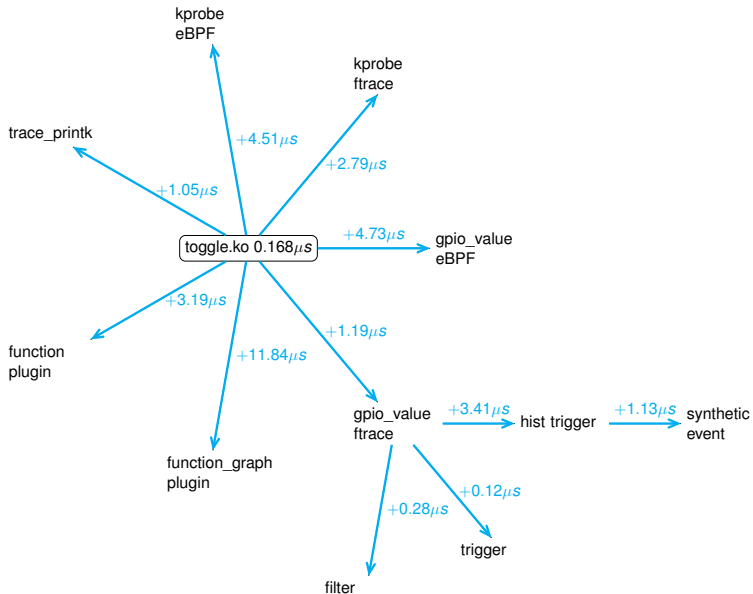
# trace\_printk()

---

```
static int toggle_trace_printk(void *arg)
{
    struct toggle_data *data = (struct toggle_data*)arg;
    int i = 0;
5   while (1) {
        trace_printk("gpio-toggle\n");
        gpiod_set_value(data->gpiod_toggle, i++ & 0x01);
        if ((i & 0xFFFFF) == 0xFFFFF && kthread_should_stop())
            break;
10  }
    return 0;
}
```



# Tracing overhead



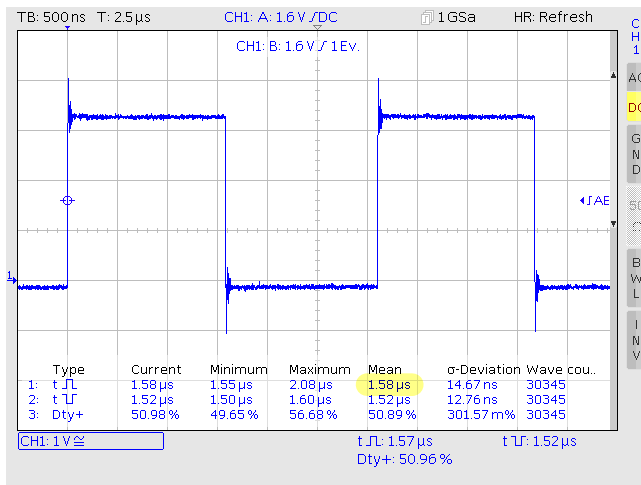
# Toggeling of the GPIO in Userspace

```
void toggle_ioctl_v2_once(int fd, struct utoggle *utog)
{
    int ret, i;
    struct gpio_v2_line_values val;
5   val.mask = 0x01;
    for (i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
        val.bits = i;
        ret = ioctl(fd, GPIO_V2_LINE_SET_VALUES_IOCTL, &val);
    }
10 }

void toggle_ioctl_v2(struct utoggle *utog)
{
    int ret, fd, i;
    struct gpio_v2_line_request req;
15   fd = open(utog->devname, O_RDWR, 0);
    memset(&req, 0, sizeof(req));
    req.num_lines = 1;
    req.offsets[0] = utog->gpionr;
    strncpy(req.consumer, "toggle-ioctl-v2", sizeof(req.consumer)-1);
20   req.config.flags = GPIO_V2_LINE_FLAG_OUTPUT;
    req.config.num_attrs = 0;
    ret = ioctl(fd, GPIO_V2_GET_LINE_IOCTL, &req);
    while (running) {
        for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
25         toggle_ioctl_v2_once(req.fd, utog);
        usleep(1000);
    }
    close(fd);
}
```

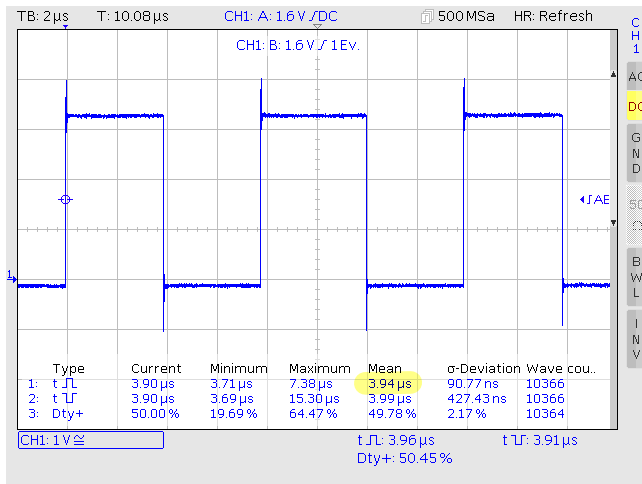
- Function `toggle_ioctl_v2()` runs as realtime userspace task
- `usleep()` is used for avoiding realtime throttling
- Measuring on the oscilloscope on the second call to `toggle_ioctl_v2_once()` of one phase after the `usleep()`  
→ Measuring cache hot scenario
- Driver source file `utoggle.c` and all scripts used are available in the cloud
- Each measuring is done with a minimum of 10000 wave counts

# Reference for userspace measurement



```
$ chrt -f 60 ./utoggle -I
```

# Syscall events

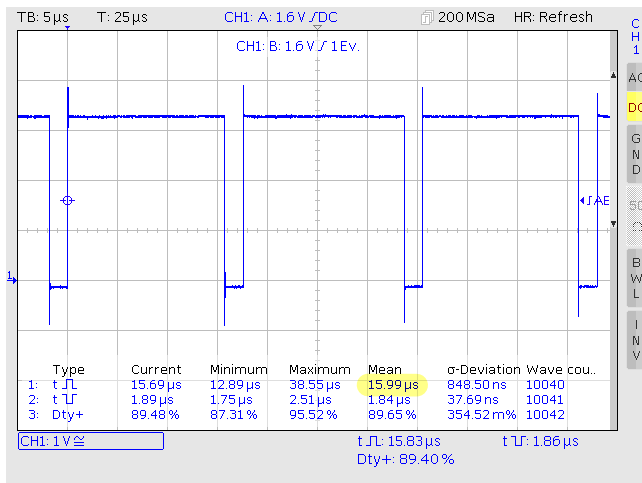


→ Tracing event overhead: 2.36  $\mu$ s (149%)

```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing
$ echo 1 > events/syscalls/sys_enter_ioctl/enable
$ echo 1 > events/syscalls/sys_exit_ioctl/enable

5$ cat trace
utoggle-137 [000] 1540.593245:
    sys_ioctl(fd: 4, cmd: c010b40f, arg: bea08900)
utoggle-137 [000] 1540.593247: sys_ioctl -> 0x0
```

# Uprobe event



Monitoring only rising edge, not the falling one

→ Tracing event overhead: 14.41 $\mu$ s (912%)

# Uprobe event

---

```
$ cd /sys/kernel/tracing
```

```
$ perf probe -x /root/utoggle  
-a 'toggle:ioctl=toggle_ioctl_v2_once fd=%r0:u32'
```

5

```
$ perf probe -x /root/utoggle  
-a 'toggle:ioctl=toggle_ioctl_v2_once%return ret=$retval:u32'
```

```
$ echo 1 > events/toggle/ioctl/enable
```

```
10 $ echo 1 > events/toggle/ioctl__return/enable
```

```
$ cat trace
```

```
utoggle-137 [000] 3620.485073: ioctl: (0x401174) fd=3
```

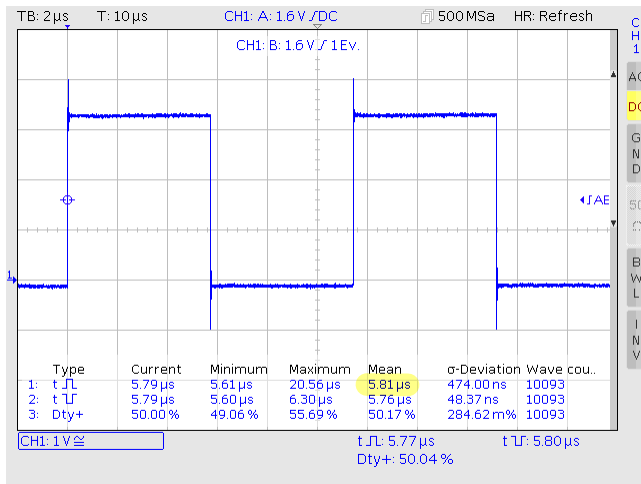
```
utoggle-137 [000] 3620.485117: ioctl__return:
```

15

```
(0x401364 <- 0x401174) ret=0
```



# Trace marker



→ *Tracing event overhead: 4.23  $\mu$ s (268%)*

# Trace marker

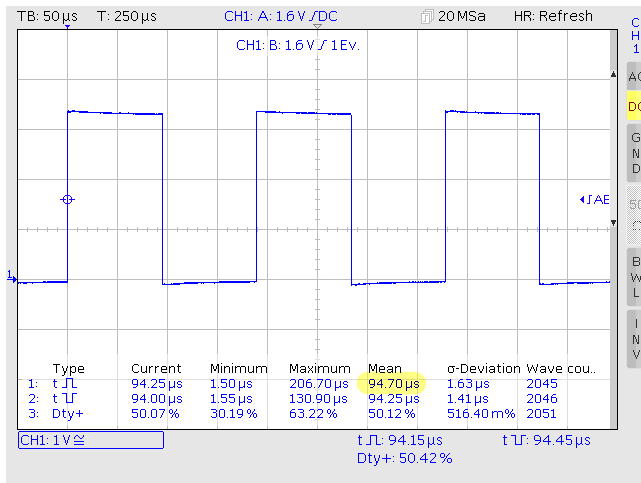
---

```
static int fd_tm = -1;

void trace_on(void)
{
5     char *fmarker = "/sys/kernel/debug/tracing/tracing_on";
    if (fd_tm < 0)
        fd_tm = open(fmarker, O_WRONLY);
}

10 void trace_write(const char *fmt, ...)
{
    va_list ap;
    char buf[256];
    int n;
15    va_start(ap, fmt);
    n = vsnprintf(buf, 256, fmt, ap);
    va_end(ap);
    write(fd_tm, buf, n);
}
```

# Program strace



→ *Tracing event overhead: 93.12  $\mu$ s (5894%)*

# Program strace

---

```
$ pidof utoggle  
188
```

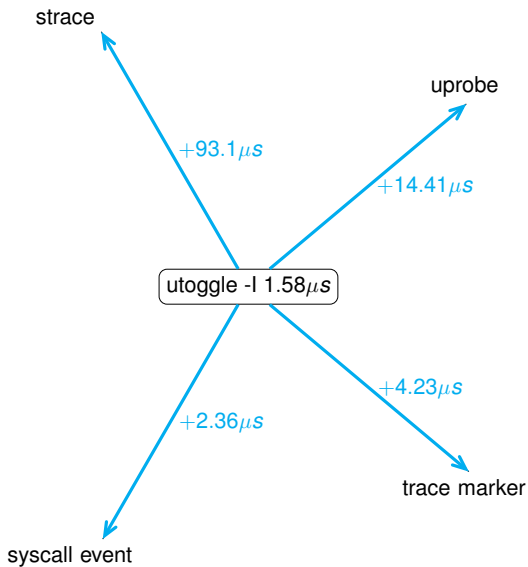
```
$ strace -p 188
```

5 ...

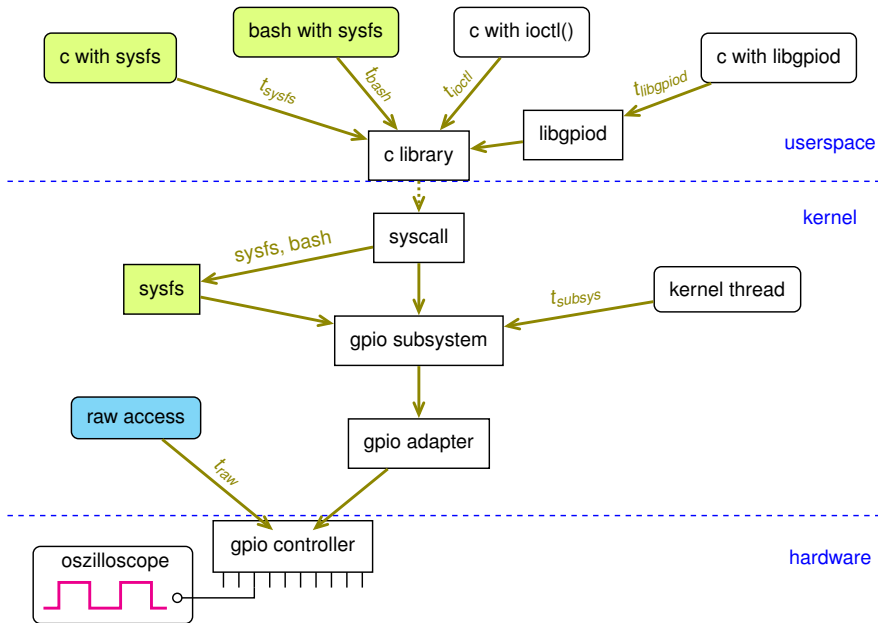
```
ioctl(4, GPIO_V2_LINE_SET_VALUES_IOCTL, {bits=0, mask=0x1}) = 0
```

```
ioctl(4, GPIO_V2_LINE_SET_VALUES_IOCTL, {bits=0x1, mask=0x1}) = 0
```

# Userspace - measuring concept



# Measuring gpio latencies



# Toggle of gpio at max. frequency I

| Variable       | Description                                                      | Value |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| $t_{raw}$      | Kernel thread in driver with raw register access                 |       |
| $t_{subsys}$   | Kernel thread in driver using regular gpio subsystem             |       |
| $t_{ioctl}$    | <code>ioctl()</code> of <code>/dev/gpiochipN</code> in userspace |       |
| $t_{libgpiod}$ | C program uses libgpiod                                          |       |
| $t_{sysfs}$    | C program uses sysfs                                             |       |
| $t_{bash}$     | Shell script uses sysfs                                          |       |

# Toggle of gpio at max. frequency II

| Calculation                | Runtime (overhead) | Value |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| $t_{subsys} - t_{raw}$     | Gpio subsystem     |       |
| $t_{ioctl} - t_{subsys}$   | Syscall and vfs    |       |
| $t_{libgpiod} - t_{ioctl}$ | Libgpiod           |       |
| $t_{sysfs} - t_{ioctl}$    | Sysfs              |       |
| $t_{bash} - t_{sysfs}$     | Bash               |       |



# Raw toggling the gpio in driver

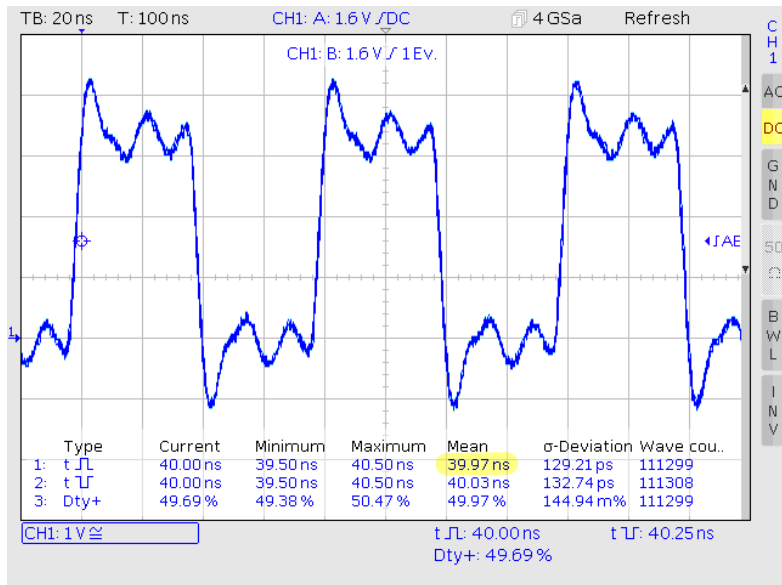
```
static int toggle_raw(void *arg)
{
    int i = 0;
    void __iomem *ctrl_base;
5   void __iomem *gpio2_base;
    void __iomem *reg_value;
    u32 value, value_on, value_off;

    ctrl_base = ioremap( (unsigned int) 0x44E10000, 8192);
10   gpio2_base = ioremap( (unsigned int) 0x481AC000, 4096);

    __raw_writel(0x0000000F, ctrl_base + 0x8A0);
    __raw_writel(__raw_readl(gpio2_base + 0x134) & 0xFFFFFBBF, gpio2_base + 0x134);
    value = __raw_readl(gpio2_base + 0x13C);
15   value_on = value | 0x00000040;
    value_off = value & 0xFFFFFBBF;
    reg_value = gpio2_base + 0x13C;

    while (1) {
20         if (i++ & 0x01)
            __raw_writel(value_on, reg_value);
        else
            __raw_writel(value_off, reg_value);
        if ((i & 0xFFFF) == 0xFFFF && kthread_should_stop())
25         break;
    }
    iounmap(gpio2_base);
    iounmap(ctrl_base);
    return 0;
30 }
```

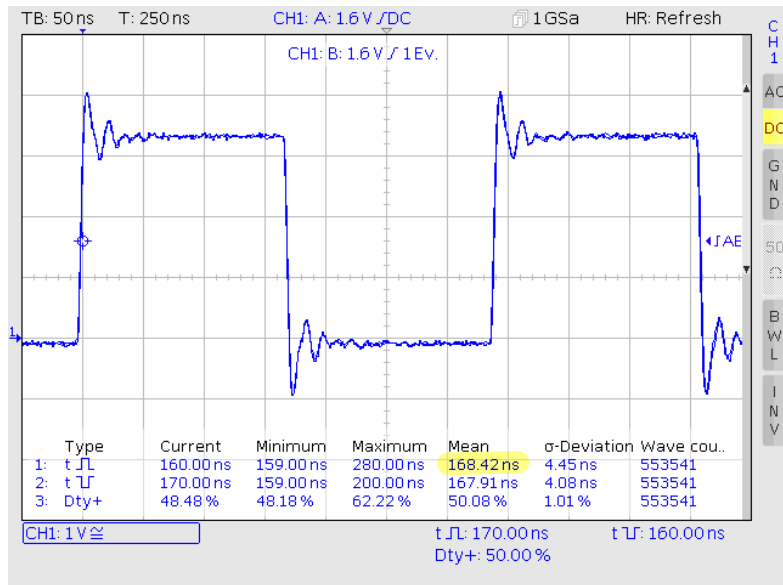
# Toggleing of the gpio in driver with `raw_writel()`



# Toggeling of the gpio in driver

```
struct toggle_data {  
    struct device      *dev;  
    struct gpio_desc   *gpiod_toggle;  
};  
5  
static int toggle_gpio(void *arg)  
{  
    struct toggle_data *data = (struct toggle_data*)arg;  
    int i = 0;  
10  
    while (1) {  
        gpiod_set_value(data->gpiod_toggle, i++ & 0x01);  
        if ((i & 0xFFFFF) == 0xFFFFF && kthread_should_stop())  
            break;  
15  
    }  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

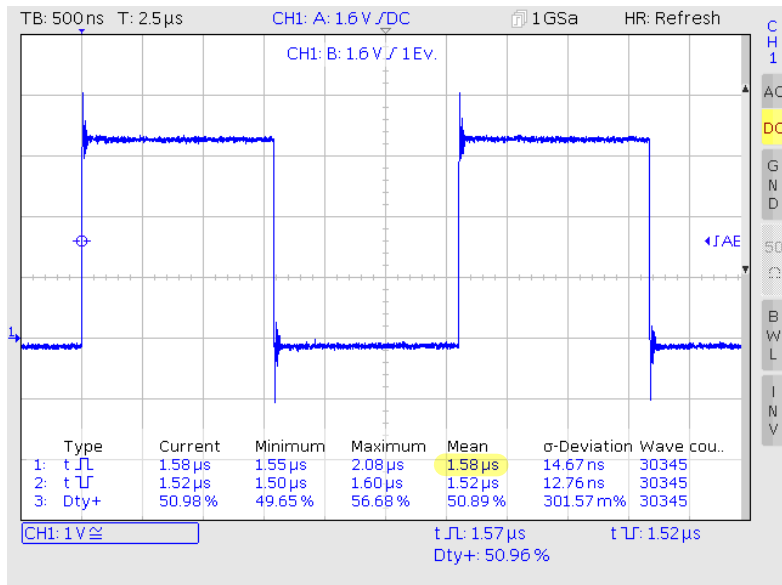
# Toggleing of the gpio in driver



# Toggle of gpio in userspace with `ioctl()`

```
int toggle_ioctl_v2(struct utoggle *utog)
{
    int ret, i, fd;
    struct gpio_v2_line_request req;
5   struct gpio_v2_line_values val;
    int marker = utog->marker;
    fd = open(utog->devname, O_RDWR, 0);
    memset(&req, 0, sizeof(req));
    req.num_lines = 1;
10   req.offsets[0] = utog->gpionr;
    strncpy(req.consumer, "toggle-ioctl-v2", sizeof(req.consumer)-1);
    req.config.flags = GPIO_V2_LINE_FLAG_OUTPUT;
    req.config.num_attrs = 0;
    ret = ioctl(fd, GPIO_V2_GET_LINE_IOCTL, &req);
15   val.mask = 0x01;
    for (i = 0; running; i++) {
        val.bits = i; // & 0x01;
        ret = ioctl(req.fd, GPIO_V2_LINE_SET_VALUES_IOCTL, &val);
    }
20   close(fd);
    return 0;
}
```

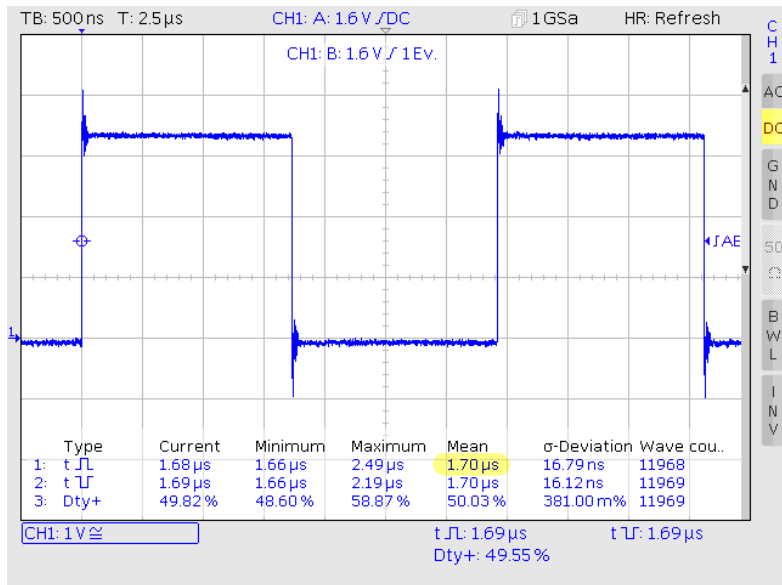
# Toggle of gpio in userspace with `ioc1()` v2



# Toggle of gpio in c program with libgpiod

```
int toggle_lib(struct utoggle *utog)
{
    int ret, i;
    struct gpiod_chip *chip;
5   struct gpiod_line *line;
    int marker = utog->marker;
    chip = gpiod_chip_open(utog->devname);
    line = gpiod_chip_get_line(chip, utog->gpionr);
    gpiod_line_request_output(line, "toggle", 0);
10   for (i = 0; running; i++) {
        ret = gpiod_line_set_value(line, i & 0x01);
    }
    gpiod_line_release(line);
    gpiod_chip_close(chip);
15   return 0;
}
```

# Toggle of gpio in c program with libgpiod





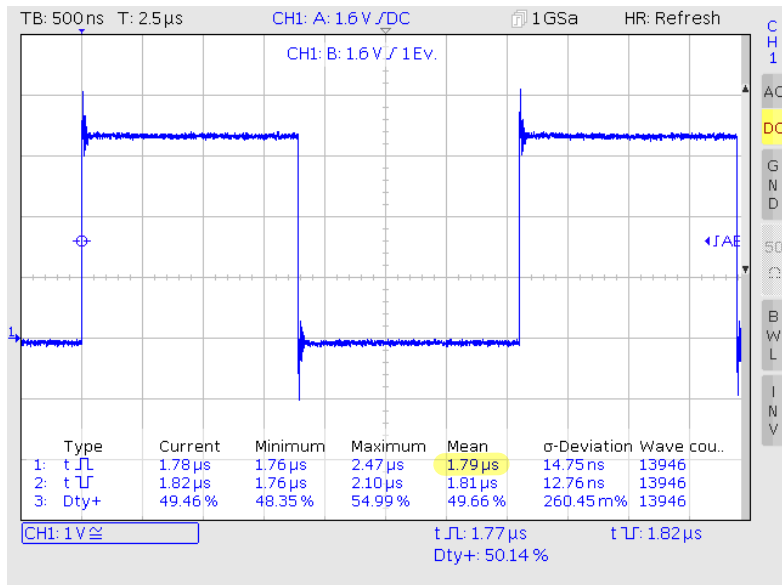
# Toggle of gpio in sysfs with c program

```
int toggle_sysfs(struct utoggle *utog)
{
    int ret, i, fd;
    int marker = utog->marker;
5   char fn[255];
    char buf[20];

    memset(buf, 0, sizeof(buf));
    sprintf(buf, "%d", utog->sysfsnr);
10   fd = open("/sys/class/gpio/export", O_WRONLY);
    ret = write(fd, buf, strlen(buf));
    close(fd);
    memset(fn, 0, sizeof(fn));
    sprintf(fn, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/direction", utog->sysfsnr);
15   fd = open(fn, O_RDWR);
    ret = write(fd, "out", 3);
    close(fd);

    memset(fn, 0, sizeof(fn));
20   sprintf(fn, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/value", utog->sysfsnr);
    fd = open(fn, O_RDWR);
    for (i = 0; running; i++) {
        write(fd, "1", 1);
        write(fd, "0", 1);
25   }
    close (fd);
    fd = open("/sys/class/gpio/unexport", O_WRONLY);
    ret = write(fd, buf, strlen(buf));
    close(fd);
30   return 0;
}
```

# Toggle of gpio in sysfs with c program



# Toggle of GPIO in sysfs with shell script

---

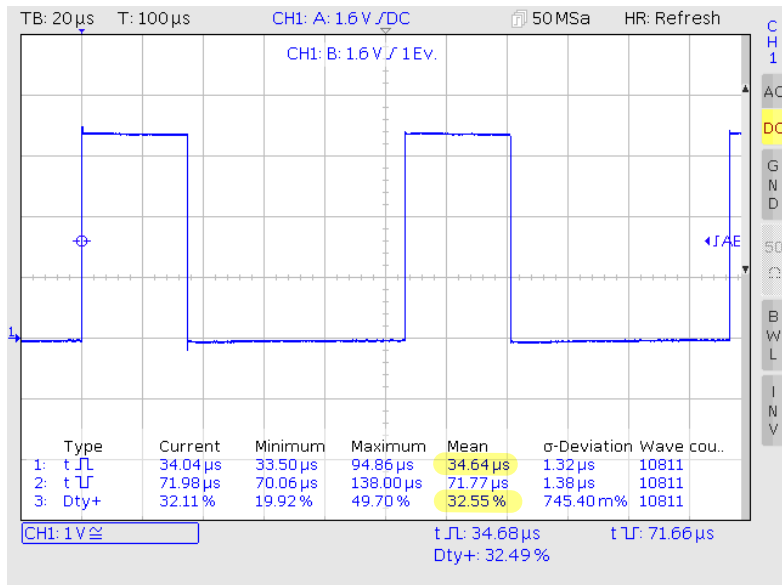
```
#!/bin/bash
dirg=/sys/class/gpio

[ -e $dirg/gpio70 ] || echo 70 > $dirg/export
5 echo out > $dirg/gpio70/direction

for ((i=0; i<1000000; i++))
do
    echo 1
10    echo 0
done > $dirg/gpio70/value

echo 70 > $dirg/unexport
ls $dirg
```

# Toggle of gpio in sysfs with shell script



|   |                                     |   |    |
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